## **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

Owner of the Declaration Paul Bauder GmbH & Co. KG

Publisher Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU

Declaration number EPD-BAU-20220210-CBC5-EN

Issue date 10.11.2022 Valid to 09.11.2027

## BauderECO S/F

## Paul Bauder GmbH & Co. KG

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## **General Information** Paul Bauder GmbH & Co. KG BauderECO S/F Programme holder Owner of the declaration IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Paul Bauder GmbH & Co. KG Hegelplatz 1 Korntaler Landstraße 63 70499 Stuttgart 10117 Berlin Germany Germany **Declaration number** Declared product / declared unit EPD-BAU-20220210-CBC5-EN 1 m<sup>2</sup> BauderECO S/F This declaration is based on the product category rules: Insulating materials made of foam plastics, 01.08.2021 This declaration applies to 1 m<sup>2</sup> of "BauderECO S/F" manufactured by (PCR checked and approved by the SVR) Paul Bauder GmbH & Co. KG at the plant, located in 06188 Landsberg near Halle. The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information Issue date and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences. 10.11.2022 The EPD was created according to the specifications of EN 15804+A2. In the following, the standard will be simplified as EN 15804. Valid to 09.11.2027 Verification The standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025:2011 internally X externally Dipl.-Ing. Hans Peters (Chairman of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

Florian Pronold

(Managing Director Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

Dr. Eva Schmincke, (Independent verifier)



## **Product**

### Product description/Product definition

BauderECO S/F is a closed-cell ecological rigid foam and factory-made thermal insulating material, which is used in the form of insulation boards for building constructions - pursuant to EN 13165. This EPD refers to ecological rigid foam insulation boards laminated with covering layers of shell limestone on both sides.

The products need a declaration of performance taking into consideration the specification DIN EN 13165:2012+A2:2016 thermal insulation products for buildings - factory made rigid polyurethane foam (PU) products - as well as the CE-marking. The respective national provisions apply to the use of the products. In Germany, the design values for use in building construction are specified in DIN 4108 - 10. Hygrothermal design values are regulated in DIN 4108-4.

#### **Application**

The scope of application of BauderECO S/F includes thermal insulation in building construction (e.g., pitched roofs, flat roofs, floors, ceilings and exterior walls (inside and outside)).

#### **Technical Data**

For determining technical data, the test methods stated in DIN EN 13165 are used. The gross density of BauderECO S/F with facing layers of shell limestone for building construction is approx. 29-32 kg/m³.

Depending on their thickness, the boards are manufactured with thermal conductivity levels WLS 024 up to WLS 028. These levels are equivalent to thermal conductivity design values from 0.023 W/(m·K) up to 0.027 W/(m·K). In addition to thermal conductivity, the nominal value of the thermal resistance can be specified ranging from R 2.20 (m²·K)/W at 60 mm to 7.80 (m²·K)/W at 180 mm.

Name	Value	Unit
Gross density	≥ 29	kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Compressive strength acc. to EN 826	≥ 120	N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Tensile strength acc. to EN 826	≥ 80	N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Modulus of elasticity acc. to EN 826	≥ 4	N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Calculation value for thermal conductivity	0.024 - 0.028	W/(mK)
Water vapour diffusion resistance factor acc. to EN 12088	40 - 200	-
Thermal conductivity acc. to EN 13165	0.023 - 0.027	W/(mK)
Creep behaviour or permanent compressive strength acc. to DIN EN 1606	≥ 0.02	N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Short term water absorption acc. to EN 1609	max. 0.1	%
Fire behaviour acc. to EN 13501 – 1	Е	

Nominal compressive stress or nominal compressive strength at 10% deformation is 120 kPa (dh) to DIN 4108-10. Higher compressive strength is possible. Nominal tensile strength perpendicular to the insulation board plane is  $\geq$  80 kPa. Higher tensile strength is possible.

The water vapour diffusion resistance factor  $\mu$  of BauderECO S/F is between 40 and 200 according to DIN 4108-4.

Maximum moisture absorption of BauderECO S/F at diffusion and condensation is approx. 6 % by volume. Water absorption at total immersion of a 60 mm thick BauderECO S/F with shell limestone facings was measured at 1.3 % by volume after 28 days. Moisture absorption after freezing and thawing was between 2 % and 7 % by volume, measured at insulating material without facings.

BauderECO S/F is a distinctive thermosetting material and therefore cannot be melted.

## Base materials/Ancillary materials

The 120 mm thick BauderECO S/F insulation board with shell limestone facing layer consists of 3.48 kg/m² ecological hard foam and 0.55 kg/m² shell limestone layer.

The product composition is shown in the following table:

Name	Value	Unit
Polyol	23 - 28	%
MDI	52 - 55	%
Water	≤ 0,3	%
Pentane	≤ 5	%
Catalyst	≤ 1,5	%
Flame retardants (halogen free)	≤ 2	%
Stabilizer	≤ 0,7	%
Facer	7 - 14	%

The raw material used for producing BauderECO S/F is mainly obtained from biomass undergoing several production stages. The biomass content follows the mass balance approach which is not considered in this EPD. In addition to fossil raw materials, another raw material is obtained from recycled saw and milling dust, which is a by-product of the manufacturing of the BauderECO S/F insulation boards and is partly re-used in a closed-loop. BauderECO S/F does not contain volatile isocyanates.

Under the current Regulation on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) BauderECO S/F is declared as follows:

- BauderECO S/F contains substances listed in the Candidate List for authorization on 16 January 2020 exceeding 0.1 percentage by mass: no.
- BauderECO S/F contains other carcinogenic, mutagenic, reprotoxic (CMR) substances in categories 1A or 1B, which are not on the candidate list, exceeding 0.1 percentage by mass: no.
- Biocide products were added to this construction product or it has been treated with biocide products (which would be considered a treated product under the definition set out in (EU) Ordinance on Biocide Products No 528/2012): no.

#### Reference service life

The service life of BauderECO S/F insulation boards corresponds to the service life of the insulated building components when used properly. The function of the insulation material remains without limitations during the service life.

## Additional information

Additional information about BauderECO S/F insulation boards can be found at: www.baudereco.de



## LCA: Calculation rules

#### **Declared Unit**

The declaration refers to 1 m² "BauderECO S/F". For this product, MDI is used in compliance with the mass balance approach. While the results based on the mass balance approach are declared in the annex, the biogenic content of MDI is not considered here.

#### **Declared unit**

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	m <sup>2</sup>
Gross density	29	kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Grammage product	4.03	kg/m²
Grammage (without lamination)	3.48	kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Grammage lamination (shell limestone layer)	0.55	kg/m²
Layer thickness	0.12	m

Type of EPD: Manufacturer EPD 1a) declaration of one specific product from one plant of one manufacturer.

## System boundary

Type of EPD: Type of EPD: Cradle to gate with options, modules C1–C4 and module D (A1–A3 + C + D and additional modules: A4, A5). The following modules of the life cycle are shown in the LCA:

**Production Stage (A1-A3):** The production stage includes:

- A1 Raw material supply and processing, processing of secondary material inputs, (e.g. recycling processes)
- A2 Transport of raw materials to the Manufacturer (reference area Germany)
- A3 Production of of BauderEco S/F in the factory (incl. provision of energy, water and auxiliary materials, disposal of production waste, production of packaging materials)

**Construction stage (A4-A5):** The construction stage of Paul Bauder GmbH & Co. KG, BauderEco S/F, includes:

- · A4 transport to the construction site
- A5 Disposal of the packaging after installation of the insulation board in the building

**End-of-life stage (C1-C4):** The end-of-life stage of Paul Bauder GmbH & Co. KG, BauderEco S/F, includes:

- C1 Manual de-construction
- C2 Transport to waste processing: 50 km with truck Transport distance can be adjusted for the specific building if necessary (e.g., for 100 km actual transport distance: multiply LCA values by factor 2)
  - C3 100% Thermal recovery
  - · C4 not relevant

# Benefits and loads beyond the System Boundary (D): Module D includes:

Energy recovery potentials from thermal recycling of the packaging and BauderEco S/F at the end of life.

#### Geographic Representativeness

Land or region, in which the declared product system is manufactured, used or handled at the end of the product's lifespan: Germany

#### Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to *EN 15804* and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account. The background data comes from the GaBi database /*GaBi software*/Version CUP2022.1

The IBU regulations provide that two EPDs have to be created for products with mass balance approach. The results with mass balance approach are declared in the second EPD, which is published as annex below.

## LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

## Characteristic product properties of biogenic carbon

Note: 1 kg of biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg of CO<sub>2</sub>.

The following technical information provides the basis for the modules declared or can be used to develop specific scenarios as part of a building assessment.

## Transport to the building site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit
Transport distance	100	km

## Installation into the building (A5)

Production and disposal of the following packaging materials is included in the LCA.

Name	Value	Unit
Shrink film	0.12	kg/m²

## End-of-Life (C1-C4)

## **Deconstruction (C1)**

Manual removal of the product from the building (without environmental impact).

### **Transport to End-of-Life treatment (C2)**

Transport to waste treatment: 50 km with truck.

## Waste processing (C3)

100% thermal recovery of product from demolishing

## Disposal (C4)

Not relevant

# Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Name	Value	Unit
For energy recovery (product)	4.03	kg
For energy recovery (packaging)	0.12	kg

Module D includes: Energy recovery potentials from thermal recycling of the packaging and BauderEco S/F at the end of life. A waste incineration plant with an R1 value > 0.6 was assumed.



## LCA: Results

The following is a summary of the LCA results for BauderECO S/F (without mass-balance approach) PU insulation boards with a basis weight of  $4.03 \text{ kg/m}^2$  and a thickness of 120 mm. The results for BauderECO S/F (mass balance) are available in the annex.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND = MODULE OR INDICATOR NOT DECLARED; MNR = MODULE NOT RELEVANT)

			بالتنافيات	NI /												
Pro	duct sta	age	_	ruction s stage		Use stage End of life stage					Э	Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries				
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential
<b>A1</b>	A2	<b>A3</b>	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Χ	Χ	X	X	X	MND	MND	MNR	MNR	MNR	MND	MND	Χ	Х	X	X	X

RESULTS OF THE LCA - EI	RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT according to EN 15804+A2: 1 m <sup>2</sup> BauderECO (without Mass Balance)												
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D				
GWP-total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	9.56E+00	2.68E-02	3.77E-01	0	1.39E-02	7.73E+00	0	-3.15E+00				
GWP-fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	9.64E+00	2.49E-02	3.77E-01	0	1.21E-02	7.73E+00	0	-3.13E+00				
GWP-biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	-8.63E-02	1.78E-03	2.06E-05	0	1.77E-03	5.62E-04	0	-1.65E-02				
GWP-luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	5.32E-03	9.56E-05	6.83E-07	0	4.64E-05	3.25E-05	0	-3.57E-04				
ODP	kg CFC11 eq	-2.2E-10	5.09E-15	2.99E-14	0	2.47E-15	6.48E-13	0	-2.19E-11				
AP	mol H <sup>+</sup> eq	1.95E-02	2.34E-05	5.76E-05	0	1.13E-05	4.61E-03	0	-4.05E-03				
EP-freshwater	kg P eq	4.28E-05	4.95E-08	6.76E-09	0	2.4E-08	2.7E-07	0	-4.47E-06				
EP-marine	kg N eq	5.15E-03	7.77E-06	9.18E-06	0	3.77E-06	2.23E-03	0	-1.12E-03				
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq	5.24E-02	9.21E-05	2.69E-04	0	4.47E-05	2.56E-02	0	-1.2E-02				
POCP	kg NMVOC eq	2.19E-02	2.09E-05	2.49E-05	0	1.01E-05	5.72E-03	0	-3.11E-03				
ADPE	kg Sb eq	1.31E-06	2.49E-09	7.38E-10	0	1.21E-09	1.79E-08	0	-4.92E-07				
ADPF	MJ	2.63E+02	3.29E-01	5.61E-02	0	1.6E-01	2.23E+00	0	-5.27E+01				
WDP	m <sup>3</sup> world eq deprived	1.56E+00	1.07E-04	3.45E-02	0	5.18E-05	8.06E-01	0	-3.15E-01				

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential)

# RESULTS OF THE LCA - INDICATORS TO DESCRIBE RESOURCE USE according to EN 15804+A2: 1 m² BauderECO (without Mass Balance)

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	1.2E+01	2.17E-02	1.4E-02	0	1.05E-02	4E-01	0	-1.47E+01
PERM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	MJ	1.2E+01	2.17E-02	1.4E-02	0	1.05E-02	4E-01	0	-1.47E+01
PENRE	MJ	1.63E+02	3.3E-01	5.13E+00	0	1.6E-01	9.65E+01	0	-5.27E+01
PENRM	MJ	9.94E+01	0	-5.07E+00	0	0	-9.43E+01	0	0
PENRT	MJ	2.63E+02	3.3E-01	5.61E-02	0	1.6E-01	2.24E+00	0	-5.27E+01
SM	kg	1.36E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	m <sup>3</sup>	6.64E-02	1.68E-05	8.09E-04	0	8.15E-06	1.9E-02	0	-1.36E-02

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

## RESULTS OF THE LCA – WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS according to EN 15804+A2:

i ili Dauder Loo (without i	The Dauder Loo (without mass Dailance)													
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D					
HWD	kg	9.21E-08	1.44E-12	5.6E-12	0	6.98E-13	2.92E-10	0	-7.25E-09					
NHWD	kg	1.51E-01	5.36E-05	1.52E-03	0	2.6E-05	2.19E-01	0	-2.69E-02					
RWD	kg	2.7E-03	4.14E-07	1.55E-06	0	2.01E-07	9.27E-05	0	-4.04E-03					
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
MFR	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
MER	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
EEE	MJ	0	0	6.84E-01	0	0	1.33E+01	0	0					



EET   MJ   0   0   1.58E+00   0   0   2.38E+01   0	0 0		1 Z.30ETUI	0	0	1.58E+00	0	0	MJ	EET
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HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

# RESULTS OF THE LCA – additional impact categories according to EN 15804+A2-optional: 1 m² BauderECO (without Mass Balance)

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
РМ	Disease incidence	1.65E-07	1.52E-10	3.59E-10	0	7.36E-11	1.43E-08	0	-3.34E-08
IR	kBq U235 eq	3.03E-01	4.21E-05	1.53E-04	0	2.04E-05	1.48E-02	0	-6.76E-01
ETP-fw	CTUe	1.01E+02	2.52E-01	2.2E-02	0	1.22E-01	8.51E-01	0	-1.14E+01
HTP-c	CTUh	2.67E-09	5.06E-12	2.47E-12	0	2.45E-12	5.74E-11	0	-5.33E-10
HTP-nc	CTUh	1.2E-07	2.54E-10	7.98E-11	0	1.23E-10	2.35E-09	0	-2.07E-08
SQP	SQP	3.6E+01	9.87E-02	1.56E-02	0	4.79E-02	4.88E-01	0	-9.56E+00

PM = Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions; IR = Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (cancerogenic); HTP-nc = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (not cancerogenic); SQP = Potential soil quality index

Disclaimer 1 – for the indicator "Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235". This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low-dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure or radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Disclaimer 2 – for the indicators "abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources", "abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources", "water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption", "potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems", "potential comparative toxic unit for humans – cancerogenic", "Potential comparative toxic unit for humans – not cancerogenic", "potential soil quality index". The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high as there is limited experience with the indicator.

## References

#### **Standards**

#### **DIN 4108-4**

DIN 4108-4:2020-11, Thermal insulation and energy economy in buildings - Part 4: Hygrothermal design values.

#### **DIN 4108-10**

DIN 4108-10:2015-12, Thermal insulation and energy economy in buildings - Part 10: Application-related requirements for thermal insulation materials - Factory - made products.

#### **DIN EN 826**

DIN EN 826:2013-05, Thermal insulating products for building applications - Determination of compression behaviour.

## **DIN EN 1606**

DIN EN 1606:2013-05, Thermal insulating products for building applications - Determination of compressive creep.

## **DIN EN 1607**

DIN EN 1607:2013-05, Thermal insulating products for building applications - Determination of tensile strength perpendicular to faces.

## **DIN EN 12091**

DIN EN 12091:2013-06, Thermal insulating products for building applications - Determination of freeze-thaw resistance.

#### **DIN EN 13165**

DIN EN 13165:2016-09, Thermal insulation products for buildings – Factory-made rigid polyurethane foam (PU) products - Specification; German version EN 13165:2012. (This norm covers polyurethane rigid foam (PUR) and polyisocyanurate rigid foam (PIR)).

## **DIN EN 13501-1**

DIN EN 13501-1:2019-05, Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests; German version EN 13501 1:2007+A1:2010.

#### EN 12088

EN 12088:2013, Thermal insulation for building applications – Determination of long term water absorption by diffusion.

#### EN 15804

EN 15804+A2:2019+AC:2021, Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

## ISO 14025

DIN EN ISO 14025:2011-10, Environmental designations and declarations – Type III Environmental Declarations – Basic principles and procedures.

## Further references:

### **AgBB**

Evaluation scheme for VOCs from construction products; approach for assessing health risks caused by volatile organic compounds (VOCs and SVOCs) from construction products, version July 2012.

#### AVV

Regulation on the European List of Waste Materials 2011, last amended by Art. 5, Section 22 of the Law, dated 24 February 2012 (BGBI. I S.212).

#### CPR

Regulation (EU) No. 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 laying down hamonised condition for the marketing of construction products and repealing Council Directive 89/106/EC.

#### **ECHA**

https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

#### GaBi software

Sphera Solutions GmbH GaBi Software System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering



CUP Version: 2022.1 University of Stuttgart Leinfelden-Echterdingen

## GaBi documentation

GaBi life cycle inventory data documentation (https://www.gabisoftware.com/support/gabi/gabidatabase2020lcidocumentation/)

## **IBU 2021**

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.: General Programme Instructions for the Preparation of EPDs at the Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., version 2.0., Berlin: Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., 2021, http://www.ibu-epd.com

## **PCR Part A**

PCR - Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Project Report, Berlin: Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., www.ibu-epd.com, 2020

#### PCR Part B:

PCR - Part B: Insulating materials made of foam plastics, Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU), 06-2017

#### REACH

Reach regulation No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the council concerning the registration, evaluation, authorisation and restriction of chemicals(REACH)





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## MASS BALANCE PRODUCT INFORMATION

Owner of the Document Paul Bauder GmbH & Co. KG

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BauderECO S/F (Mass Balance)
Paul Bauder GmbH & Co. KG



www.ibu-epd.com





## **General Information**

#### Paul Bauder GmbH & Co. KG BauderECO S/F (Mass Balance) Programme holder Owner of the Declaration IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Paul Bauder GmbH Co. KG Hegelplatz 1 Korntaler Landstraße 63 10117 Berlin 70499 Stuttgart Germany Germany **Document number** Declared product / declared unit MBA-BAU-0001 1 m<sup>2</sup> BauderECO S/F (Mass Balance) This document is based on the product Scope: category rules: This declaration applies to 1 m<sup>2</sup> of "BauderECO S/F" Insulating materials made of foam plastics, 01.08.2021 manufactured by Paul Bauder GmbH Co. KG at the (PCR checked and approved by the SVR) plant, located in 06188 Landsberg near Halle. The owner of the document shall be liable for the Issue date underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not 10.11.2022 be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidence. Valid to For specification of the calculation method see chapter 09.11.2025 "Mass balance approach (MBA)" The Product information was created orienting towards the specifications of EN 15804+A2. For the use of the verified Document please see https://ibu-epd.com/umgang-des-ibu-mit-massenbilanzansaetzen-bei-der-berechnung-einer-produktoekobilanz/. Verification The standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR Independent verification of the Document and data according to ISO 14025:2011 Dipl.-Ing.Hans Peters internally externally (chairman of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.) Tale

RA Florian Pronold

(Managing Director Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.))

Dr. Eva Schmincke

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## **Product**

## Product description/Product definition

BauderECO S/F is a rigid foam insulation board made of biomass-balanced polyurethane, which is used for the thermal insulation of building constructions - pursuant to EN 13165. The boards consist of a biomass-balanced insulation core, recycled raw materials and a shell limestone facing on both sides.

The products need a declaration of performance taking into consideration the specification DIN EN 13165:2012+A2:2016 thermal insulation products for buildings - factory made rigid polyurethane foam (PU) products - as well as the CE-marking.

The respective national provisions apply to the use of the products. In Germany, the design values for use in building construction are specified in DIN 4108 - 10. Hygrothermal design values are regulated in DIN 4108-4.

#### **Application**

The scope of application of BauderECO S/F includes thermal insulation in building construction (e.g., pitched roofs, flat roofs, floors, ceilings and exterior walls (inside and outside)).

#### **Technical Data**

For determining technical data, the test methods stated in DIN EN 13165 are used. The gross density of BauderECO S/F with facing layers of shell limestone for building construction is approx. 29-32 kg/m³.

Depending on their thickness, the boards are manufactured with thermal conductivity levels ranging from  $\lambda D$  0.023 to  $\lambda D$  0.027. These levels are equivalent to thermal conductivity design values from 0.023 W/(m·K) up to 0.027 W/(m·K). In addition to thermal conductivity, the nominal value of the thermal resistance can be specified ranging from R 2.20 (m²-K)/W at 60 mm to 7.80 (m²-K)/W at 180 mm.

#### **Constructional data**

Constituctional data		
Name	Value	Unit
Gross density	≥ 29	kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Compressive strength EN 826	≥ 120	N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Tensile strength EN 826	≥ 80	N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Modulus of elasticity EN 826	≥ 4	N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Calculation value for thermal conductivity DIN 4108 - 4	0.024 - 0.028	W/(mK)
Water vapour diffusion resistance factor EN 12088	40 - 200	-
Thermal conductivity EN 13165	0.023 - 0.027	W/(mK)
Creep behaviour or permanent compressive strength EN 1606	≥ 0.02	N/mm²
Long term water absorption acc. to EN 12087	max. 3	%
Short term water absorption acc. to EN 1609	max. 0.1	%
Fire behaviour acc. to EN 13501 - 1	E	

Nominal compressive stress or nominal compressive strength at 10% deformation is 120 kPa (dh) according to DIN 4108-10. Higher compressive strength is possible. Nominal tensile strength perpendicular to the

insulation board plane is 80 kPa. Higher tensile strength is possible.

The water vapour diffusion resistance factor  $\mu$  of BauderECO S/F is between 40 and 200 according to DIN 4108-4. Maximum moisture absorption of BauderECO S/F at diffusion and condensation is approx. 6 % by volume. Water absorption at total immersion of a 60 mm thick BauderECO S/F with shell limestone facings was measured at 1.3 % by volume after 28 days. Moisture absorption after freezing and thawing was between 2 % and 7 % by volume, measured at insulating material without facings.

BauderECO S/F is a distinctive thermosetting material and therefore cannot be melted.

### Base materials/Ancillary materials

The 120 mm thick BauderECO S/F insulation board with shell limestone facing layer consists of 3.48 kg/m² hard foam and 0.55 kg/m² shell limestone layer.

The product composition is listed in the following table:

Name	Value	Unit
Polyol	23 - 28	%
MDI (Mass-Balance)	52 - 55	%
Water	≤ 0,3	%
Pentane	≤ 5	%
Catalyst	≤ 1,5	%
Flame retardants (halogen free)	≤ 2	%
Stabilizer	≤ 0,7	%
Facer	7 - 14	%

The MDI used for producing BauderECO S/F is based on the biomass-balance approach. An independent third-party assessment is conducted annually by RedCert to ensure that sufficient biomass-balanced MDI is purchased. In addition to fossil raw materials, another raw material is sourced from recycled saw and milling dust, which is a by-product of the manufacturing process for the BauderECO S/F insulation boards and is partly reused in a closed-loop system. BauderECO S/F does not contain volatile isocyanates.

Under the current Regulation on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) BauderECO S/F is declared as follows:

- BauderECO S/F contains substances listed in the Candidate List for authorization on 27 July 2024 exceeding 0.1 percentage by mass: no.
- BauderECO S/F contains other carcinogenic, mutagenic, reprotoxic (CMR) substances in categories 1A or 1B, which are not on the candidate list, exceeding 0.1 percentage by mass: no.
- Biocide products were added to this construction product or it has been treated with biocide products (which would be considered a treated product under the definition set out in (EU) Ordinance on Biocide Products No 528/2012): no.

#### Reference service life

The service life of BauderECO S/F insulation boards corresponds to the service life of the insulated building components - which according to BBSR is equal or more than 50 years, when used properly.



## LCA: Calculation rules

## **Declared Unit**

The declaration refers to 1 m<sup>2</sup> "BauderECO S/F" (Mass Balance). For this product, MDI is used in compliance with the mass balance approach.

#### **Declared unit**

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	m <sup>2</sup>
Gross density	29	kg/ m <sup>3</sup>
Grammage product	4.03	kg/ m <sup>2</sup>
Grammage without lamination	3.48	kg/ m <sup>2</sup>
Grammage lamination	0.55	kg/ m <sup>2</sup>
Layer thickness	0.12	m

Declaration of one specific product from one plant of one manufacturer.

### **Available Masses**

The integration of the BauderECO S/F (mass balance) LCA results into a building life cycle assessment is only permitted if the specific REDcert² certificate 904-39352401 is available. This certificate confirms that the sales volume of BauderECO S/F corresponds to the amount of allocated mass-balanced raw materials.

## System boundary

Type of the Declaration: Cradle to gate with options, modules C1–C4 and module D (A1–A3 + C + D and additional modules: A4, A5). The following modules of the life cycle are shown in the LCA:

## Production stage (A1-A3):

- A1 Raw material supply and processing, processing of secondary material inputs
- A2 Transport of raw materials to the manufacturer (reference area Germany)
- A3 Production of BauderEco S/F in the factory (incl. provision of energy, water and auxiliary materials, disposal of production waste, production of packaging materials)

### Construction stage (A4-A5):

A4 Transport to the construction site

A5 Disposal of the packaging after installing the insulation board in the building

## End-of-Life stage (C1-C4):

- C1 Manual de-construction
- C2 Transport to waste processing: 50 km by truck.
   Transport distance can be adjusted for the specific building if necessary (for 100 km actual transport distance: multiply LCA values by factor 2)
- C3 100 % thermal recovery
- C4 not relevant

## Benefits and loads beyond system boundary (D):

 D Energy recovery potentials from thermal recycling of the packaging and BauderECO S/F at the end of life.

## Mass balance approach (MBA)

BauderECO S/F uses the raw material MDI, which has been calculated according to the mass balance approach for biomass. An annual independent audit by RedCert ensures that enough quantity of the biomass-balanced raw materials is purchased.

#### **Additional Information**

The IBU regulations provide that two declarations must be created for products with mass balance approach. The results without mass balance approach are declared in the EPD, which was published under EPD-BAU-20220210-CBC2-EN. A fossil based BauderECO S/F variant is not manufactured.

## Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of LCA-data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to the same norms and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

The background data is retrieved from the GaBi database/GaBi software/version CUP 2022.1

## LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

## Information on biogenic carbon

Biogenic carbon content at factory gate

Name	Value	Unit
Biogenic carbon in product	1.627	kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Biogenic carbon in packaging	0	kg/m <sup>2</sup>

The following technical information can be used to develop specific scenarios for a building assessment.

## Transport to the construction site (A4)

Transport to the construction site	(/ \ - /	
Name	Value	Unit
Transport distance	100	km

## Assembly (A5)

Production and disposal of the following packaging materials is included in the LCA.

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Name	Value	Unit
Shrink film	0,12	kg/m <sup>2</sup>

## **Deconstruction (C1)**

Manual removal of the product from the building

## Transport to End-of-Life treatment (C2)

Transport to waste treatment: 50 km with truck.

#### Thermal Recovery (C3)

100% thermal recovery of product from demolishing

## Disposal (C4)

Not relevant.

Reuse, recovery and recycling potential (D)

Name	Value	Unit
Energy recovery (product)	4.03	kg
Energy recovery (packaging)	0.12	ka

A waste incineration plant with an R1 value > 0.6 was assumed.

## End of life (C1-C4)

4



## **LCA: Results**

The following is a summary of the LCA results for BauderECO S/F (Mass Balance) PU insulation boards with a basis weight of 4.03 kg/m² and a thickness of 120 mm.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; ND = MODULE OR INDICATOR NOT DECLARED; MNR = MODULE NOT RELEVANT)											
PRODUCT STAGE	CONSTRUCTI ON PROCESS STAGE		END OF LIFE STAGE	BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM							

	PRODUCT STAGE				TRUCTI OCESS AGE	USE STAGE						END OF LIFE STAGE			LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES		
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential
	<b>A</b> 1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
ĺ																	

## RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT according to EN 15804+A2:

Core Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.	2.93E+00	2.68E-02	3.77E-01	0	1.39E-02	7.42E+00	0	-3.15E+00
GWP-fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.	8.32E+00	2.49E-02	3.77E-01	0	1.21E-02	2.03E+00	0	-3.13E+00
GWP-biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.	-5.4E+00	1.78E-03	2.06E-05	0	1.77E-03	5.4E+00	0	-1.65E-02
GWP-luluc	kg CO₂-Eq.	1.04E-02	9.56E-05	6.83E-07	0	4.64E-05	3.25E-05	0	-3.57E-04
ODP	kg CFC11-Eq.	7.21E-11	5.09E-15	2.99E-14	0	2.47E-15	6.48E-13	0	-2.19E-11
AP	mol H⁺-Eq.	2.54E-02	2.34E-05	5.76E-05	0	1.13E-05	4.61E-03	0	-4.05E-03
EP-freshwater	kg P-Eq.	5E-05	4.95E-08	6.76E-09	0	2.4E-08	2.7E-07	0	-4.47E-06
EP-marine	kg N-Eq.	7.54E-03	7.77E-06	9.18E-06	0	3.77E-06	2.23E-03	0	-1.12E-03
EP-terrestrial	mol N-Eq.	8.1E-02	9.21E-05	2.69E-04	0	4.47E-05	2.56E-02	0	-1.2E-02
POCP	kg NMVOC-Eq.	2.68E-02	2.09E-05	2.49E-05	0	1.01E-05	5.64E-03	0	-3.11E-03
ADPE	kg Sb-Eq.	1.83E-06	2.49E-09	7.38E-10	0	1.21E-09	1.79E-08	0	-4.92E-07
ADPF	MJ	1.34E+02	3.29E-01	5.61E-02	0	1.6E-01	2.23E+00	0	-5.27E+01
WDP	m³ world-Eq deprived	1.33E+00	1.07E-04	3.45E-02	0	5.18E-05	8.06E-01	0	-3.15E-01

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Caption Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential

## RESULTS OF THE LCA - INDICATORS TO DESCRIBE RESOURCE USE according to EN 15804+A2: 1 m<sup>2</sup> BauderECO S/F (Mass Balance)

Till Badaci 200 Cit (Maco Balanco)											
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
PERE	MJ	2.88E+02	2.17E-02	1.4E-02	0	1.05E-02	5.76E+01	0	-1.47E+01		
PERM	MJ	5.72E+01	0	0	0	0	-5.72E+01	0	0		
PERT	MJ	3.45E+02	2.17E-02	1.4E-02	0	1.05E-02	4E-01	0	-1.47E+01		
PENRE	MJ	9.23E+01	3.3E-01	5.13E+00	0	1.6E-01	3.94E+01	0	-5.27E+01		
PENRM	MJ	4.22E+01	0	-5.07E+00	0	0	-3.71E+01	0	0		
PENRT	MJ	1.35E+02	3.3E-01	5.61E-02	0	1.6E-01	2.24E+00	0	-5.27E+01		
SM	kg	1.36E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
RSF	MJ	1.31E-16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
NRSF	MJ	1.77E-15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
FW	m3	6.53E-02	1.68E-05	8.09E-04	0	8.15E-06	1.9E-02	0	-1.36E-02		

Captior

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; RSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

# RESULTS OF THE LCA – WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS according to EN 15804+A2: 1 m<sup>2</sup> BauderECO S/F (Mass Balance)

Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	4.43E-08	1.44E-12	5.6E-12	0	6.98E-13	2.92E-10	0	-7.25E-09
NHWD	kg	1.57E-01	5.36E-05	1.52E-03	0	2.6E-05	2.19E-01	0	-2.69E-02
RWD	kg	4.23E-03	4.14E-07	1.55E-06	0	2.01E-07	9.27E-05	0	-4.04E-03
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MER	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	MJ	0	0	6.84E-01	0	0	1.33E+01	0	0
EET	MJ	0	0	1.58E+00	0	0	2.38E+01	0	0

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy



# RESULTS OF THE LCA – additional impact categories according to EN 15804+A2-optional: 1 m² BauderECO S/F (Mass Balance)

- 1	I III Baaa	CIECO OII (INA	33 Bulance							
	Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	PM	Disease incidence	2.24E-07	1.52E-10	3.59E-10	0	7.36E-11	1.43E-08	0	-3.34E-08
	IR	kBq U235 eq	4.49E-01	4.21E-05	1.53E-04	0	2.04E-05	1.48E-02	0	-6.76E-01
	ETP-fw	CTUe	5.8E+01	2.52E-01	2.2E-02	0	1.22E-01	8.51E-01	0	-1.14E+01
	HTP-c	CTUh	2.95E-09	5.06E-12	2.47E-12	0	2.45E-12	5.74E-11	0	-5.33E-10
	HTP-nc	CTUh	9.58E-08	2.54E-10	7.98E-11	0	1.23E-10	2.35E-09	0	-2.07E-08
	SQP	SQP	4.82E+01	9.87E-02	1.56E-02	0	4.79E-02	4.88E-01	0	-9.56E+00

PM = Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions; IR = Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (cancerogenic); HTP-nc = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (not cancerogenic); SQP = Potential soil quality index

Disclaimer 1 – for the indicator "Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235". This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Disclaimer 2 – for the indicators "abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources", "abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources", "water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption", "potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems", "potential comparative toxic unit for humans – cancerogenic", "Potential comparative toxic unit for humans – not cancerogenic", "potential soil quality index".

The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the

The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.

Disclaimer 3 – Mass Balance Approach in the sense of a virtual allocation is not allowed within EN15804+A2. The underlaying calculation is oriented on the EN15804 but uses allocation methods described in the chapter "Mass balance approach (MBA)". IBU cannot guarantee that this document will be accepted as evidence by third parties.

## References

#### **DIN 4108-4**

DIN 4108-4:2020-11, Thermal insulation and energy economy in buildings - Part 4: Hygrothermal design values.

## **DIN 4108-10**

DIN 4108-10:2015-11, Thermal insulation and energy economy in buildings – Part 10: Application-related requirements for thermal insulation materials – Factory-made products.

## **DIN EN 826**

DIN EN 826:2013-05, Thermal insulating products for building applications - Determination of compression behaviour.

## **DIN EN 1606**

DIN EN 1606:2013-05, Thermal insulating products for building applications - Determination of compressive creep.

### **DIN EN 1609**

DIN EN 1609:2013-05, Thermal insulating products for building applications – Determination of short-term water absorption by partial immersion.

#### **DIN EN 12087**

DIN EN 12087:2013-06, Thermal insulating products for building applications – Determination of long-term water absorption by immersion.

## **DIN EN 12091**

DIN EN 12091:2013-06, Thermal insulating products for building applications - Determination of freeze-thaw resistance.

## **DIN EN 13165**

DIN EN 13165:2016-09, Thermal insulation products for buildings – Factory-made rigid polyurethane foam (PU) products - Specification; German version EN 13165:2012.

#### **DIN EN 13501-1**

DIN EN 13501-1:2019-05, Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests.

## EN 12088

EN 12088:2013, Thermal insulation for building applications-Determination of long-term water absorption by diffusion.

## EN 15804

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019+AC:2021, Sustainability of construction works — Document — Core rules for the product category of construction products.

## ISO 14025

EN ISO 14025:2011, Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures.

#### **PCR Part A**

Product category rules for building-related products and services. Part A: LCA calculation rules and project report requirements pursuant to EN 15804+A2:2019 (v1.2), Berlin: Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., www.ibu-epd.com, 2021.



## PCR Part B: Insulation materials made of foam

**plastics** Product category rules for building-related products and services. Part B: EPD requirements for insulating materials made of foam plastics, version 1.2 Berlin: Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU), 06-2017.

#### **IBU 2021**

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## GaBi software

Sphera Solutions GmbH GaBi Software System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering CUP version: 2022.1 University of Stuttgart Leinfelden-Echterdingen.

## **REACH**

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)



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